## FIRE DEBRIS ANALYSIS TRAINING GUIDELINES

CMPD-Crime Laboratory Chemistry Section

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#### **Approval**

Director

Matthew C. Mathis

#### **Issuance**

Section Administrator

Lillian Ngong

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Date:

Date:

#### Introduction:

The Fire Debris Analysis program is comprised of a series of training modules. Actual completion time will vary depending upon the prior experience of the trainee, and his/her rate of progress through the modules/stages. Progression from one stage/module to the next is by trainer's approval, and this progression is based upon satisfactory review of the trainee's work product, and/or by successful completion of a competency test. In addition to practical, hands-on exercises, specific required readings will be assigned, and together with seminar material, will form the basis of the written knowledge-based examinations.

Individuals previously qualified in Fire Debris Analysis in other laboratories may omit some modules/stages at the discretion of the trainer. However, all individuals, regardless of prior experience, must successfully complete all examinations (knowledge-based), practical skills, and proficiency tests. A record of progress through the training will be maintained in the form of a training checklist (Appendix 1) that will be completed by the trainer(s).

Upon successful completion of this training program, the trainee will be equipped with the knowledge, skills and abilities to perform Fire Debris analysis of potential ignitable liquids in the items recovered from a fire scene.

When an analyst has been absent from the Chemistry Laboratory for an extended period of time, refresher training is mandatory. The training format will be custom-designed based on several factors such as length of time missed, magnitude of change of standard operating procedures, and the analyst's abilities. Upon completion of the training and prior to commencing casework analysis, the analyst will demonstrate competency by successfully passing the relevant written and practical competency examinations.

#### **Stage 1. Orientation and Standard Operating Procedures**

#### Handling, Receipt, Custody and Security of Physical Evidence

The trainee should become thoroughly familiar with the General Laboratory Training Program – Quality, Policy and Operational Manuals.

#### Laboratory Safety

The trainee should be familiarized with General Laboratory Safety Procedures. They should be informed about the Laboratory Safety Manual, Chemical Hygiene Plan and the Procedure Manual of the Chemistry Section.

Stage 1. Orientation and Standard Operating Procedures **Module 1. Evidence handling** 

**Training Goals:** To provide a practical model for the laboratory procedures used in maintaining chain of custody, proper documentation of packaging, and general rules for the proper handling of evidence. Learning and understanding how to use PLIMS.

**Training Objectives:** Trainee will be covering: 1) PLIMS; 2) chain of custody; 3) evidence handling/packaging; 4) documentation of packaging. Trainee must observe an analyst perform these functions on a total of at least three occasions.

**Assessment:** Progress will be monitored by Trainer; trainee will complete written certification that the readings were completed. Practical demonstration using various types of containers, in a variety of situations.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Evidence Integrity. Doyle, James E. ed. (1993). In *Physical Evidence Handbook*. Wisconsin Department of Justice. pp. 3-20 (also on the internet).
- 2. Kirk's Fire Investigation, chapter 14

**Stage 1.** Orientation and Standard Operating Procedures **Module 2. Documentation** 

**Training Goals:** To provide a practical model for the laboratory procedures used in the documentation of evidence.

**Training Objectives:** Trainee will cover: 1) documentation of exhibits; 2) assignment of identifiers; Trainee must observe an analyst perform these functions on a total of three cases (may be done concurrently with Module 1).

**Assessment:** Progress will be monitored by trainer; trainee will complete written certification that the readings were completed.

#### **Readings:**

1. Evidence Integrity. Doyle, James E. ed. (1993). In *Physical Evidence Handbook*. Wisconsin Department of Justice. pp. 3-20 (also on the internet).

#### Stage 2. Overview/ Background Module 1. Chemistry and Physics of Fire

Training Goals: To provide basic understanding of fuels, combustion and pyrolysis.

**Training Objectives:** Trainee will cover the basis of fuels and combustion including: 1)flames; 2) smoldering; 3) combustion products; 4) heat release rates; 5) heat fluxes; 6) ignition temperatures; 7)flash points; 8) flammability ranges; 9) spontaneous combustion; 10) flashover, etc. Trainee must complete assigned readings before beginning module 2.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Kirk's Fire Investigation, chapter 2-5
- 2 Scientific Protocols for Fire Investigation, John J. Lentini

#### Video example reference:

NFPA Countdown to Disaster.

### Stage 2. Overview/ Background

#### Module 2. Chemical composition of petroleum products

**Training Objectives:** Trainee should have an understanding of 1) hydrocarbons; 2) historical review of petroleum products; 3) carbon numbers; 4) homologous series.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Organic Chemistry, Morrison & Boyd (or other textbook) Select readings, as recommended by trainer.
- 2. TWGFEX: Glossary of terms for fire investigators and fire debris analyst.
- 3. Fire Debris Analysis, Stauffer, Dolan, Newman Ch. 4

# Stage 2. Overview/ Background Module 3. Refinery process

Training Goals: To provide a basic familiarity with the refining process.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee must have an understanding of: 1) Distillation; 2) fractionation; 3) cracking; 4) alkylation; 5) reformation; 6) blending; 7) seasonal and regional variations; 8) marketing and distribution; 9) product trends (isopars, norpars, napthenics, dearomatized).

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Fire Debris Analysis, Stauffer, Dolan, Newman Ch. 7
- 2. Scientific Protocols for Fire Investigation, John J. Lentini

#### **Optional:** (if possible)

Refinery Tour Videos

Stage 2. Overview/ Background Module 4. Classification scheme (ASTM)

**Training Goals:** To know and understand the current classification scheme as in ASTM 1387 and 1618.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will classify knowns and unknowns according to the ASTM guidelines.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. GC-MS Guide to Ignitable Liquids; Reta Newman, et al.
- 2. NSFS Ignitable Liquid Reference library.
- 3. Fire Debris Analysis, Stauffer, Dolan, Newman Ch. 16
- 4. ASTM 1618-10

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#### **Stage 2. Overview/ Background Module 5. Effects of Fire**

**Training Goals:** To provide a basic familiarity with the effects of heat and fire on petroleum products and various substrates.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will perform the following tasks: 1) burn and evaporate petroleum products with periodic analysis by GC-MS to observe changes over a range of fresh to depleted product; 2) burn various substrates and evaluate chromatograms. The trainee should be able to recognize petroleum products at various stages of weathering, evaporation, and combustion.

#### **Readings:**

John J. Lentini, Scientific Protocols for Fire Investigation

#### Stage 2. Overview/ Background

#### Module 6. Health and safety risks: Chemical, biological and physical.

**Training Goals:** To have the knowledge of blood borne pathogens, hazardous communications right to know, compressed gas cylinder safety, flammability if solvents, explosive hazards, fire extinguisher information, proper disposal (biohazard, toxic, flammables, explosives).

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will be able to properly label, store, and dispose of a chemical. Awareness, recognition, and appropriate response to hazards in the workplace.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Criminalistics: An introduction to Forensic Science\_ Richard Saferstein.
- 2. Fundamentals of Forensic Science, Max Houck & Jay Siegel

#### **Stage 3. Scene Processing Module 1. Incendiary Devices**

**Training Goals:** To have an understanding of incendiary devices: 1) recognition of components; 2) residues and function of common improvised incendiary devices (fuels, firing train, residues, timing delays, candles, match books);

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Scientific Protocols for Fire Investigation, John J. Lentini
- 2. Kirk's Fire Investigation, John D. DeHaan

#### **Practical:** (if possible)

Accompany qualified fire investigators in field investigations.

#### Stage 4. Laboratory Examination

#### Module 1. Sample preparation/ Extraction techniques

**Training Goals:** To be familiar with all separation/ extraction techniques (solvent extraction, passive adsorption elution, heated headspace) and understand the advantages and limitations of each technique.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will perform the extraction techniques commonly used in this laboratory. The trainee will use different extraction techniques on similar items to determine which techniques would be best procedure to use.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Extraction and Sample Preparation Techniques
  - o ASTM E1386, E1388, E1412, E1413, E2154
  - Control and comparison samples
  - Preserving Ignitable liquids and Ignitable Liquid Residue Extracts
     ASTM E2451
- 2. Fire Debris Analysis, Stauffer, Dolan, Newman Ch. 5,6

#### Stage 4. Laboratory Examination Module 2. Gas Chromatography/ Mass spectrometry

**Training Goals:** To be familiar with the theory, practice and maintenance of mass spectrometry and selected ion methods.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will operate the mass spectrometer and use extracted ion profiling for fire debris samples.

The trainee must also be aware that in a very limited number of cases it may be necessary to further characterize suspect materials utilizing any or all of the spectroscopic and analytical methods offered by the Laboratory.

**Assessment:** Practical demonstration of skill by running 10 samples and obtaining meaningful data to the satisfaction of the trainer.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Manufacturer's manuals (e.g. Agilent)
- 2. Fire Debris Analysis, Stauffer, Dolan, Newman Ch. 8
- 3. Criminalistics: An introduction to Forensic Science, Richard Saferstein.
- 4. Fundamentals of Forensic Science, Max Houck & Jay Siegel

#### Stage 5. Interpretation of Data Module 1. Interpretation/ Identification

**Training Goals:** Classification of gas chromatographic and mass spectral data of ignitable liquids and pyrolysis products and other interfering matrices

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will interpret and identify ignitable liquids using peak pattern recognition and extracted ion techniques. Have the ability to recognize GC and GC-MS patterns of common pyrolysis products and other interfering matrices.

**Assessment:** The trainee will interpret data from at least 10 samples and identify ignitable liquid residues if present.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Criminalistics: An introduction to Forensic Science, Richard Saferstein (section on arson).
- 2. Fire Debris Analysis, Stauffer, Dolan, Newman Ch. 12
- 3. "Microbial Degradation of Gasoline in Soil" Mann, D.C., and Gresham, W.R. J. Forensic Sci. (1990) 35(4) 913-923.
- 4. TWGFEX Report Wording Guidelines
- 5. Reference standards of CMPD Chemistry Lab library.

#### Stage 5. Interpretation of Data Module 2. Report Writing

**Training Goals:** Basic writing skills adequate to accurately convey results of scientific data and opinions.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will be given the results for a minimum of 5 previously worked cases. The trainee will interpret the data and generate a report.

**Assessment:** Reports will be reviewed with trainer. Each report produced will be compared with the actual case report and differences discussed.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. ASTM E-1618, E1387 (section on reports)
- 2. Criminalistics: An introduction to Forensic Science\_ Richard Saferstein.
- 3. Fundamentals of Forensic Science, Max Houck & Jay Siegel

#### Stage 6. Final Qualification Module 1. Written and Competency Test

**Training Goals:** To provide the opportunity to demonstrate proficiency in the techniques employed while evaluating/ analyzing a mock fire debris case.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee must successfully complete the analysis of at least two mock cases involving several types of evidence representative of true case material.

**Assessment:** Relevant case notes and analytical data will be reviewed by the trainer. Written exams require 80% accuracy.

After review, completed written tests shall be placed in the analyst's training file. Tests and/or copies of test shall not be retained by the analyst.

Subjective answers may be challenged by the analyst. Ultimate resolution shall lie with the Laboratory Director.

#### Readings: N/A

#### Stage 6. Final Qualification Module 2. Courtroom testimony

**Training Goals:** To assess the trainee's ability to effectively communicate in a mock trial situation. Familiarize the trainee with the Law, Legal issues, Challenges, and Decisions.

**Training Objectives:** The trainee will be able to communicate results and conclusions, in a simple manner understandable to a layperson. Maintain a professional demeanor and appearance. Unbiased presentation of scientific data.

**Assessment:** The performance of the trainee in the mock trial will be assessed by the trainer(s) and the Director of Laboratory (or designee). The performance will be graded, utilizing the courtroom testimony checklist, and scored as either satisfactory or unsatisfactory. The results will be discussed with the trainee. In the case of an unsatisfactory mock trail performance, the trainee will be provided the opportunity to satisfactorily complete a second mock trial.

#### **Readings:**

- 1. Criminalistics: An introduction to Forensic Science, Richard Saferstein.
- 2. Fundamentals of Forensic Science, Max Houck & Jay Siegel
- 3. Scientific Protocols for Fire Investigation, John J. Lentini.
- 4. CMPD Crime Lab SOP, Legal Training section of the General Lab training program.

#### **Practical:**

Attend courtroom during one whole trial and on several occasions with an experienced expert witness from the laboratory.

#### General:

#### ASTM standards for the analysis of fire debris.

- **E 1385** Practice for the Separation and Concentration of Ignitable Liquid Residues from Fire Debris Samples by Steam Distillation
- **E 1386** Practice for the Separation and Concentration of Ignitable Liquid Residues from Fire Debris Samples by Solvent Extraction
- E 1387 Test Method for Ignitable Liquid Residues in Extracts from Fire Debris Samples by Gas Chromatography
- E 1388 Practice for Sampling of Headspace Vapors from Fire Debris Samples
- **E 1412** Practice for Separation and Concentration of Ignitable Liquid Residues from Fire Debris Samples by Passive Headspace Concentration
- **E 1413** Practice for Separation and Concentration of Ignitable Liquid Residues from Fire Debris Samples by Dynamic Headspace Concentration
- E 1459 Guide for Physical Evidence Labeling and Related Documentation
- **E 1492** Standard Practice for Receiving, Documenting, Storing, and Retrieving Evidence in a Forensic Laboratory

- **E 1618** Guide for Identification of Ignitable Liquid Residues in Extracts from Fire Debris Samples by Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry
- **E 2154** Standard Practice for the Separation and Concentration of Ignitable Liquid Residues
- from Fire Debris Samples by Passive Headspace Concentration with Solid Phase Micro Extraction (SPME)

#### **Required Legal Readings:**

Giglio v. United States Frye v. United States Brady v. Maryland Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals Melendez-Diaz v. Massachusetts Rule 702 NC General Statute § 14-15 (Arson and other burnings)

#### The trainee should be made aware of:

- Southern Association of Forensic Scientists (SAFS)
- American Academy of Forensic Science (AAFS).
- American Board of Criminalistics (*ABC*) Certification.
- American Society of Crime Laboratory Directors (ASCLD)
- American Society of Crime Laboratory Directors, Laboratory Accreditation Board (ASCLD/LAB).

# Appendix 1. Fire Debris Analysis Training Checklist Trainee: \_\_\_\_\_

# Training Frogram. Fire Debris Analysis Training Guidelines. Trainee Trainer Activity Approval Approval Stage 1. Introduction Image: Stage 1. Introduction Image: Stage 1. Introduction Training guidelines and agenda Image: Stage 1. Introduction Image: Stage 1. Introduction Stage 1. Laboratory SOP (QM/PM/OM) Image: Stage 1. Introduction and Safety Image: Stage 1. Introduction and Safety Using PLIMS Image: Stage 1. Introduction and Safety Image: Stage 1. Introduction and Safety Image: Stage 1. Introduction and Safety

#### Training Program: Fire Debris Analysis Training Guidelines.

#### Stage 2. Overview/Background

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Module 1. Chemistry and Physics of Fire		
Module 2. Chemical composition of petroleum		
products.		
Module 3. Refinery process		
Module 4. Classification scheme		
Module 5. Effects of Fire		
Module 6. Health and Safety Risks		

#### **Stage 3. Scene Processing**

Module 1. Investigative Process - collection,		
packaging, submission		
Module 2. Incendiary Devices		

#### **Stage 4. Laboratory Examination**

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Module 1. Sample Prep/Extraction techniques		
Substrate and Matrix Effects		
Module 2. Gas Chromatography		
Module 3. GC/ Mass Spectrometry		

#### **Stage 5. Interpretation of Data**

Module 1. Interpretation/ Id	lentification		
Module 2. Report Writing (	using PLIMS)		

#### **Stage 6. Legal Aspects**

Chain of Custody		
Legal Issues (Criminal and Civil Law		
Procedures), Challenges and Decisions		

#### **Stage 7. Final Qualification**

Module 1. Competency Test		
Oral/written test		

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Module 2. Courtroom Testimony	 	 	
			Module 2. Courtroom Testimony

## Approved to Perform Casework:

Trainer	Date
Chemistry Section Supervisor	Date
Director, Crime Laboratory Division	Date