CMPD Crime Laboratory Chemistry Section

Drug Analyst Training Manual

Section III: Legal Aspects

1 **Courtroom Testimony and Rationale of Scheduling**

- 2 To familiarize the trainee with the functions of a courtroom criminal proceeding.
 - Prepare a current curriculum vitae
 - Admissibility of evidence.
 - Chain of custody
 - Observe testimony of qualified analyst
 - Meet with Drug ADA's
 - Criminal and Civil law procedures
 - Discuss the role of the following during a trial:
 - Expert witness
 - Judge 0
 - o Prosecutor
 - Defendant
 - o Defense counsel
 - o Jury
- 2.1 Understand the potential for abuse, likelihood of dependency, and currently accepted medical use.

Temporary Scheduling

Precursors, Anabolic Steroids

Analogue Scheduling

Ability to differentiate between scheduled and non-scheduled substances

3 References

Fundamentals of Forensic Science – Houck & Siegel (pg. 625-658); 2006 North Carolina Statutes Annotated Review NC Drug Statutes (N.C.G.S. § 90-87 thru § 90-95)

Federal Control Substance Act 21U.S.C. §§ 801-814

- Frye v. United States
- Daubert v. Merrill-Dow
- 3.1 Lecture and discussion

Review expert testimony statutes (N.C.G.S. § 8C Rule 702 Testimony by experts)

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4 **Evaluation**

4.1 The trainee will be evaluated through the use of personal observation, question and answer sessions

5 **Appraisal**

- 5.1 In case the performance of a trainee does not meet acceptable level of competency, the following course of actions may be utilized.
 - Counseling, feedback and re-evaluation in the deficient area
 - Further training and re-evaluation in the deficient area.